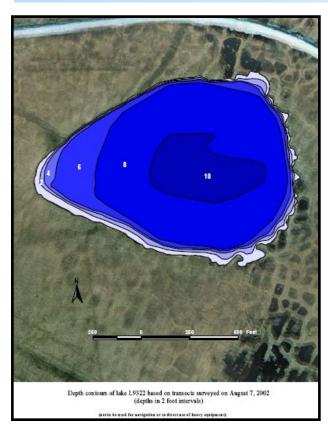
Alaska Section, AWRA, 2011 Annual Meeting



Designing Adaptive Management
Approaches for Summer Water Use of
Arctic Lakes

Michael R. Lilly, Jeff Derry
Geo-Watersheds Scientific
Gerald Sehlke
Idaho National Laboratory
Horacio Toniolo
University of Alaska Fairbanks,
Water and Environmental Research Center
April 4, 2011





Project Partners

- NETL/Arctic Energy Office (Main Funding)
- ConocoPhillips Alaska
- Alaska Department of Natural Resources
- Bureau of Land Management
- Geo-Watersheds Scientific
- University of Alaska Fairbanks
- NOAA, National Weather Service
- Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities
- Alaska University Transportation Center
- Mineral Management Service
- North Slope Borough









Presentation Outline

- Example Water Use Patterns
- Summer Water Uses
- Example L9322 Lake Water Use Applications
- Relationship to Winter Use
- Future Efforts





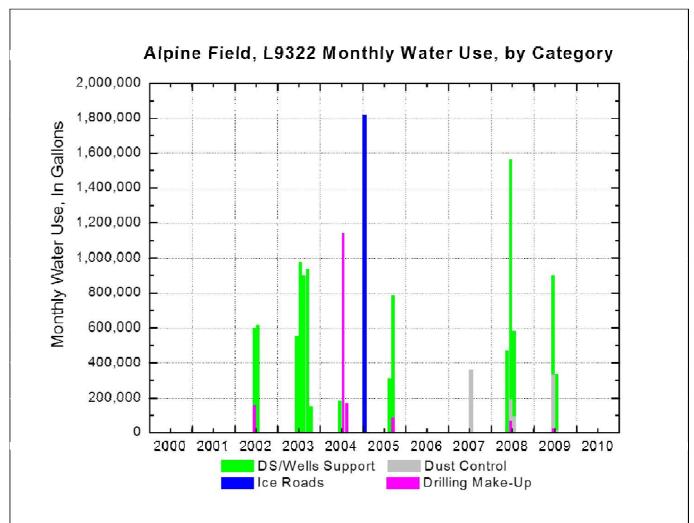


- Example Study Lakes
- ConocoPhillips Alpine Field area
- Lakes used for Ice Roads, Dust Control, Drilling
- Water Use Patterns?
- Lake Hydrology?
- Watersheds?
- Ice Growth?



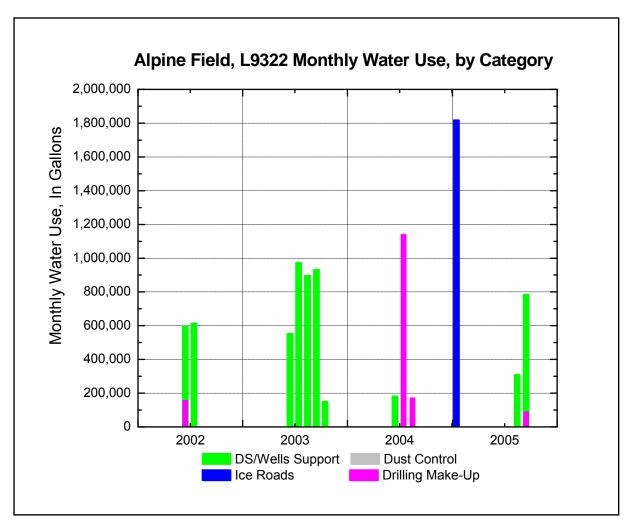






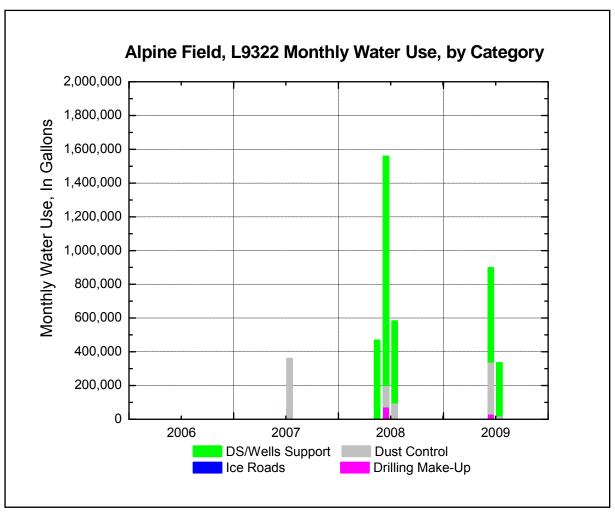






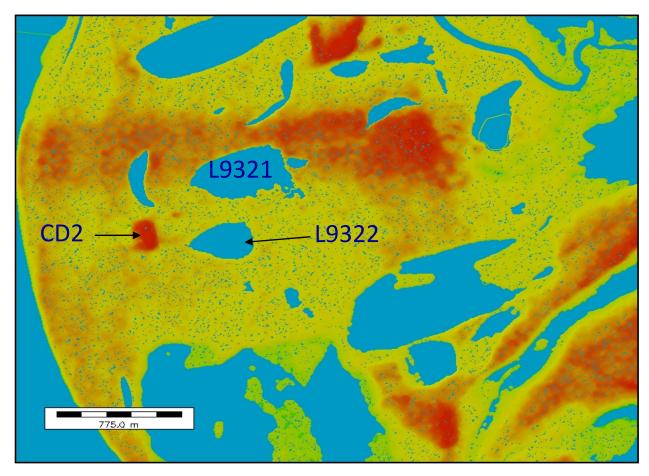








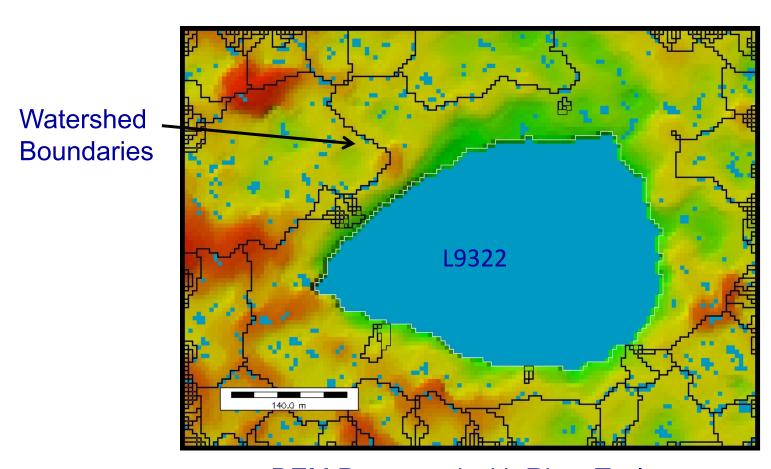




DEM Processed with River Tools







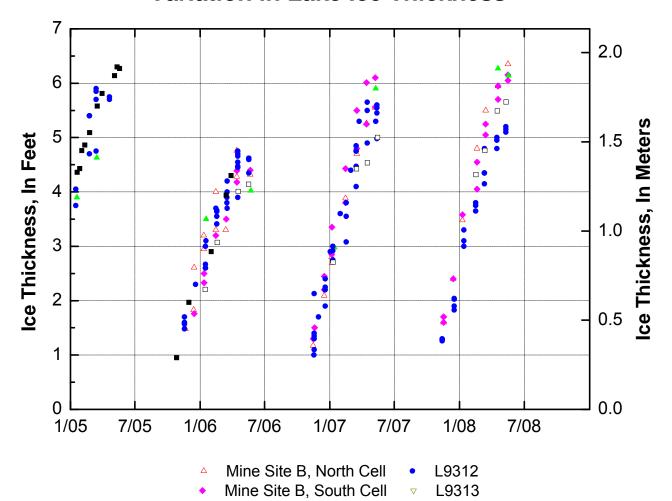






Lake Ice Thickness Characteristics

Variation in Lake Ice Thickness



□ L9322

Imikpuk Lake

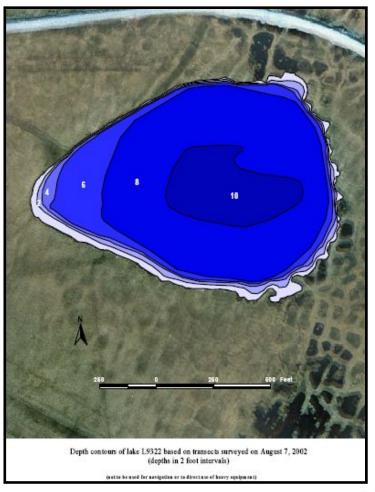
L9817

K113





- Located next to Alpine CD2 Pad
- Historical water use includes;
 - Drilling/wells support
 - Road dust control
 - Drilling make-up
 - Ice roads
- Important summer season water source due to location and access
- Recharged by local watershed, frequent overbank flooding by Colville River
- Has sensitive fish species
- Has permanent water right,
 - LAS 23893, FG02-III-0108 #3

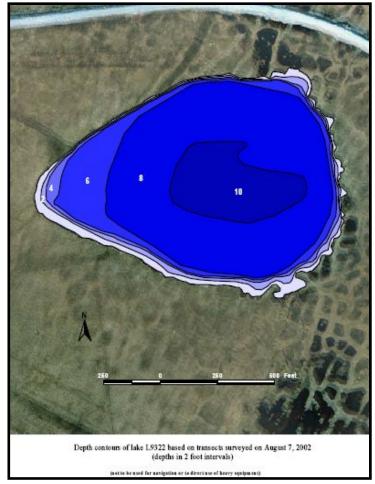








- Some Key Questions
 - What is the safe limit of Summer water use for L9322?
 - How should the goals in water use permitting be stated to best meet the hydrology of the lake, and needs of the water user?
 - What information is needed by the user for safe water management and efficient oversight and compliance tracking?

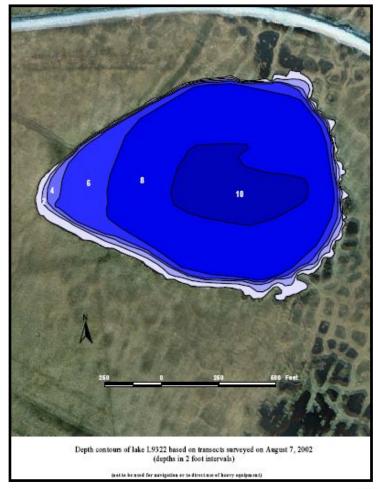








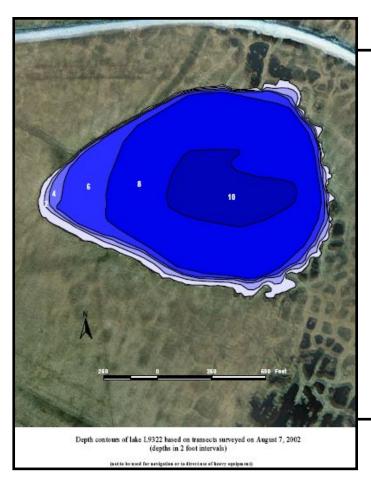
- Water Use Notes
 - Current permit limit 1.6 M gal
 - Dust control can use 100,000 gallons per day when hot
 - Need for more water demonstrated 3 different water permit years
 - Changing lakes requires pump moves, helicopter and staff time, fuel movements on tundra
 - Increasing permit volume would increase operational flexibility

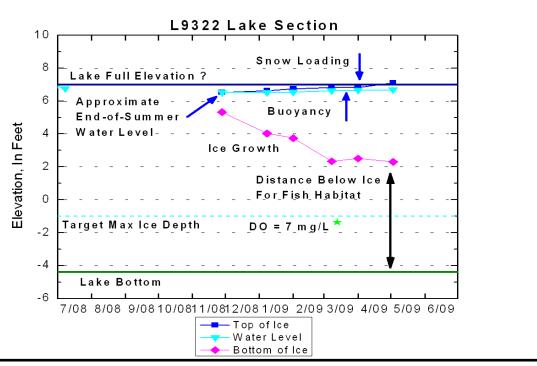






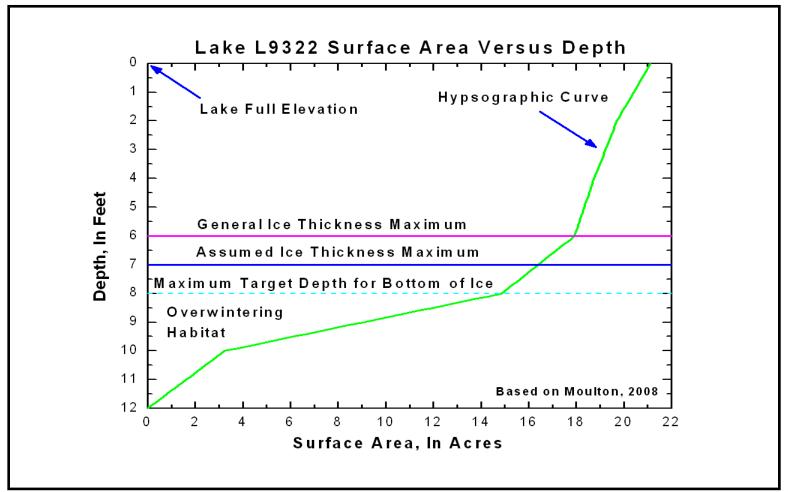






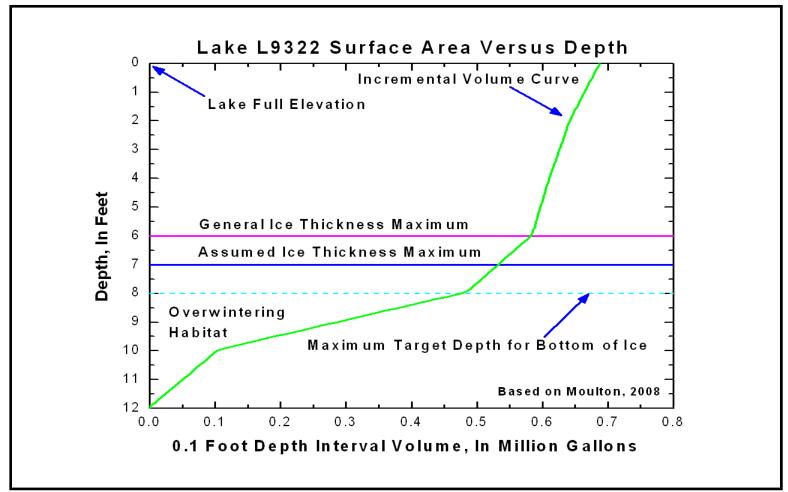






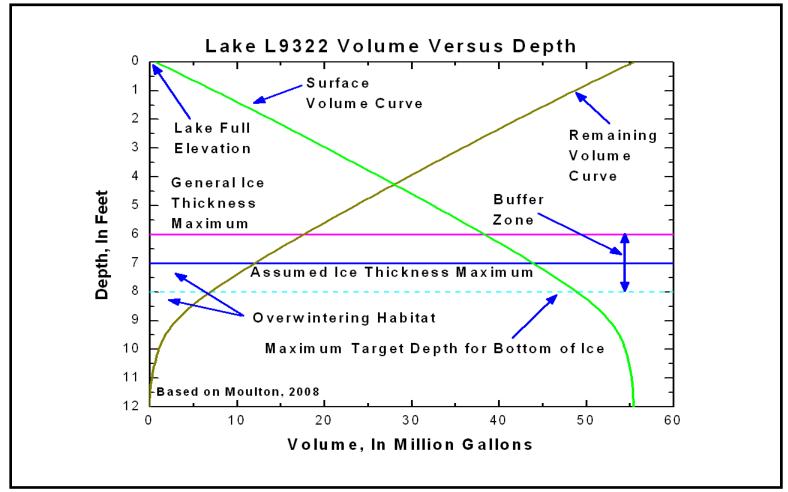






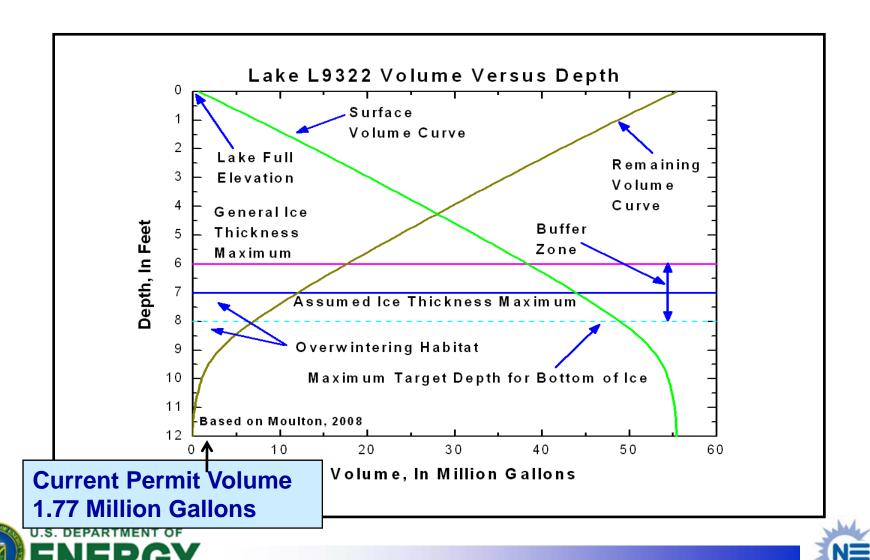




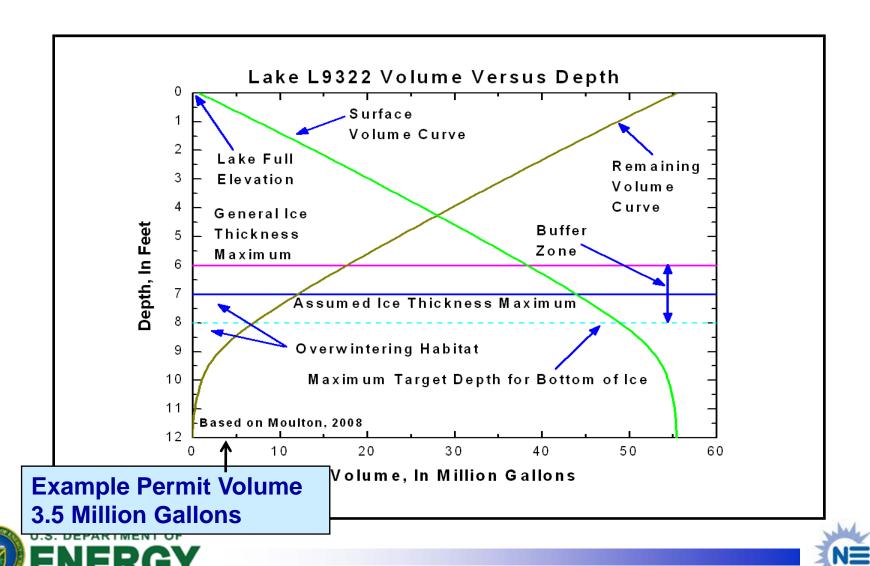








L9322 Test-Permit Example



Adaptive Management Questions

- When Using Water In Summer, How Does Evaporation Matter
- Does Summer Use Impact Endof-Winter DO
- What Measurements are Needed by Water Use Managers?
- What Measurements are Needed by Permit Agencies?
- How Does Spring Recharge Factor Into Summer Water Use?









Implications for Winter Water Use

- Lakes used for Summer and Winter Use
- Ice Chips Off Lakes
- Ice Road Winter Water Use
- Similar Management Goals
- Increased Use by Multiple Users on Single Water Sources







Future Efforts

- ✓ Develop Additional Water Use Examples
- ✓ Continue to Work with Water Users to Develop Test Applications
- ✓ Continue to Improve adaptive Water Management Tools for Industry and Agencies







Thank You Questions?

http://www.arctic-transportation.org

